

## Mpox Outbreak: Syndemic Approach to Case Investigations

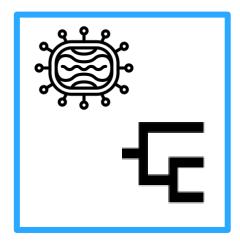
9/19/2023

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**Division of Public Health Services** 

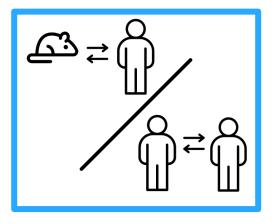
**Syndemic Infectious Diseases Bureau** 





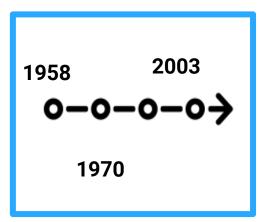
- Member of orthopoxvirus genus
- 2 virus Clades:
  - Clade I
  - Clade II





- Animal to human transmission
  Human to human transmission

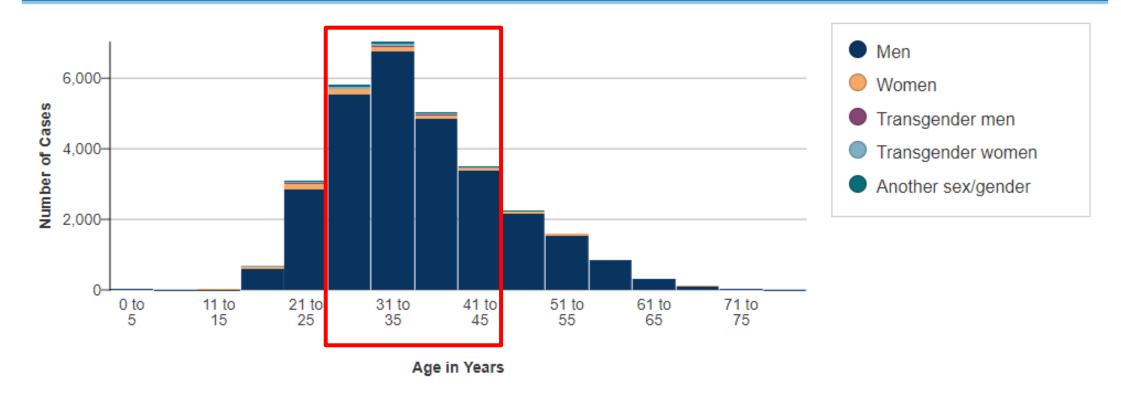




- 1958 First detected in animals
- 1970 First detected in humans
- 2003 US imported animal outbreak
- 2022 Global outbreak

### Mpox Epidemiology, United States, 2022-2023

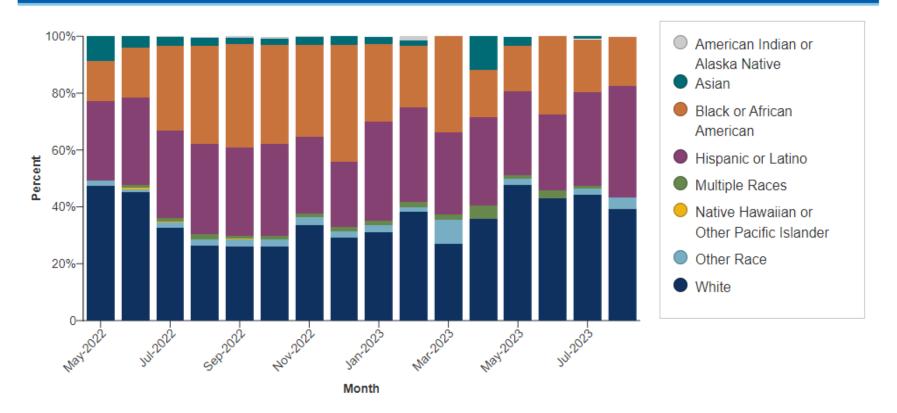
#### Mpox cases reported to CDC: Age and Gender



### Mpox Epidemiology, United States, 2022-2023



#### Proportion of All Cases by Race and Ethnicity by Month



### **Clinical Presentation During the 2022 Outbreak**



Necrotizing skin lesions in a patient with mpox and advanced HIV infection



Ulcer on the distal tongue.



Primary inoculation site right index finger, 5/27/03. 14 days after prairie dog bites, 11 days after febrile illness, hospital day 5.

### Epidemiology of Mpox in Chicago, IL

← → C ☆ 🔒 chicago.gov/city/en/sites/monkeypox/home/data.html

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# Mpox Vaccination Since June 1<sup>st</sup>, 2022-August 7<sup>th</sup>, 2023\*



#### First Doses Administered

Second Doses Administered

19,580

## 50,016

**Total Doses Administered** 

\* Among Chicago residents Slide courtesy of Spencer Gorelick

### Mpox Vaccination Coverage Since June 1<sup>st</sup>, 2022-August 7<sup>th</sup>, 2023\*

### 61%

#### **First Doses Administered**



#### Second Doses Administered

\* Among estimated gay, bisexual, and other same gender loving men who have sex with men population in Chicago

### Mpox Vaccination – Demographic characteristics



Demographic	First Dose	Second Dose	Total
Age Group			
18 – 24 Years	2,275	961	3,236
25 – 34 Years	11,543	6,834	18,377
35 – 44 Years	7,610	5,156	12,766
45 – 54 Years	4,328	3,086	7,414
55 – 64 Years	3,466	2,628	6,094
65+ Years	1,182	905	2,087
Gender			
Female	1,964	838	2,802
Male	28,007	18,484	46,491

### **Mpox Vaccination – Demographic characteristics**



Demographic	First Dose	Second Dose	Total	% overall
Race/Ethnicity				
Latinx	6,176	3,743	9,919	20%
Black, non-Latinx	4,219	2,494	6,713	13%
White, non-Latinx	15,621	10,822	26,443	53%
Asian, non-Latinx	1,707	1,142	2,849	6%
AIAN, non-Latinx*	98	58	156	1%
NHOPI, non-Latinx**	55	29	84	1%
Other, non-Latinx	1,753	998	2,751	6%

\* American Indian or Alaskan Native

\*\* Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander

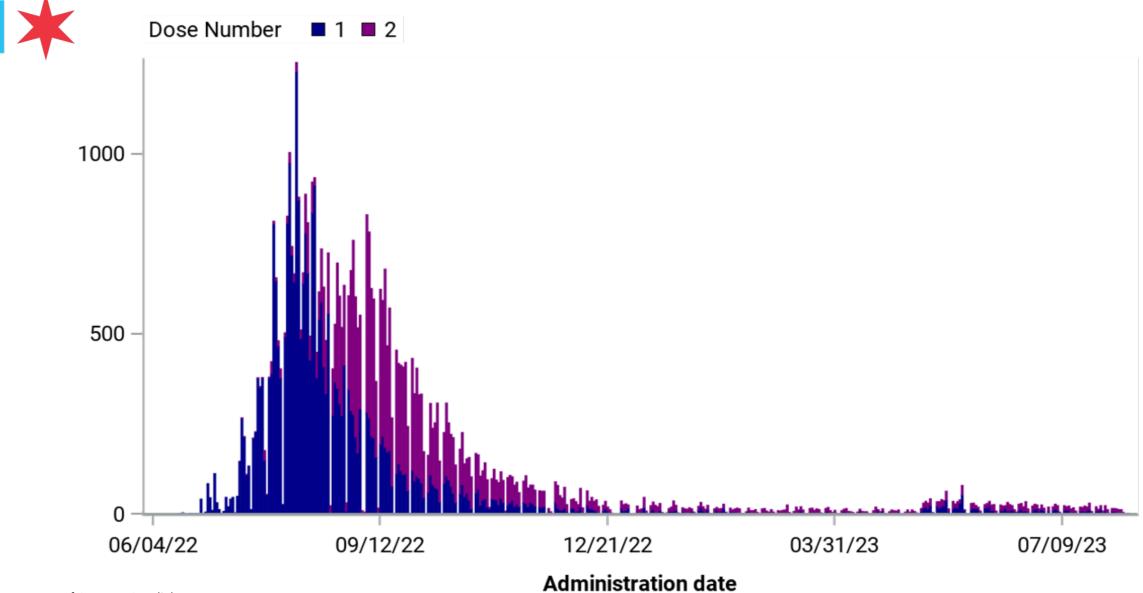
### Vaccination by Community Area, Chicago\*

Top 5 Community Areas			
Community Area Name	First Doses	Second Doses	Total
Lake View	5,578	3,817	9,395
Uptown	3,944	2,749	6,693
Edgewater	3,660	2,632	6,292
Rogers Park	1,752	1,216	2,968
Near North Side	1,414	876	2,290

Bottom 5 Community Areas			
Community Area Name	First Doses	Second Doses	Total
Mount Greenwood	10	8	18
Edison Park	7	4	11
Fuller Park	6	3	9
Burnside	5	2	7
Riverdale	5	2	7

\* Actual doses administered may be slightly higher due to errors in geocoding

## Doses of Mpox vaccine administered to Chicago residents since June 2022



Chicago Department of Public Health



ightfoot Mayor



Chicago Department of Public Health Allison Arwady MD MPH, Commissioner

of Public Healt

#### RESURGENCE OF MPOX

Provider Update

May 9, 2023

#### Summary and Action Items

- Chicago Department of Public Health (CDPH) has identified a resurgence of cases of mpox (formerly monkeypox).
- From April 17<sup>th</sup>-May 5<sup>th</sup> 2023, 12 confirmed and one probable case of mpox were reported to CDPH. All cases were among symptomatic men. Nine (69%) of 13 cases were among men who were fully vaccinated for mpox.
- Transmission of mpox continues locally and disproportionately affects the same populations affected by Sexually Transmitted Infections (STIs) and human immunodeficiency virus (HIV).
- Healthcare providers are urged to remain diligent in screening and vaccinating at risk populations.
- Vaccination is an important tool in stopping the spread of mpox, although vaccine-induced immunity is not complete. People who are vaccinated should <u>continue to avoid close, skin-to-skin contact</u> with someone who has mpox.
- JYNNEOS is a 2-dose vaccine approved for the prevention of mpox and smallpox. All eligible Chicagoans should
  receive both doses of the vaccine for the best protection against mpox. The second dose should be given 4 weeks
  after the first dose. If more than 35 days has elapsed since the first dose was given, administer the second dose as
  soon as possible. Vaccine boosters are not recommended at this time.
- CDPH encourages healthcare providers to adopt a syndemic approach to addressing mpox and including incorporating mpox, STI and HIV screening, treatment and prevention into existing sexual health services.



ABC7 Chicago
 Monkeypox Chicago: Cases of Mpox on ...



The Hill CDC investigates possible mpox ...



The Hill Chicago mpox outbreak raises alar...

> ©CBS NEWS CHICAGO

**Chicago Health Officials Sound Alarm as Mpox Cases** 

HEALTH

Increase

Mpox cases are once again rising in Chicago, health officials said Tuesday, urging those at highest risk to get vaccinated as soon as possible.

Cuntago Tribune

**BREAKING HEWS** 

Monkeypox resurgence in Chicago triggers warnings ahead of Pride Month, International Mr. Leather conference

Twenty Chicago Mpor cases have been reported since mild April ofter Just 5 cases had been previously reported this year, according to the Chicago Department of Public Health Read Mare



Deal Town
 Monkeypox resurgence i...



▲ NBC News CDC warns about mpox cases in Ch...



₩ The Washington Post Chicago's mpox control s...

CBS News A dozen new mpox cases under ...

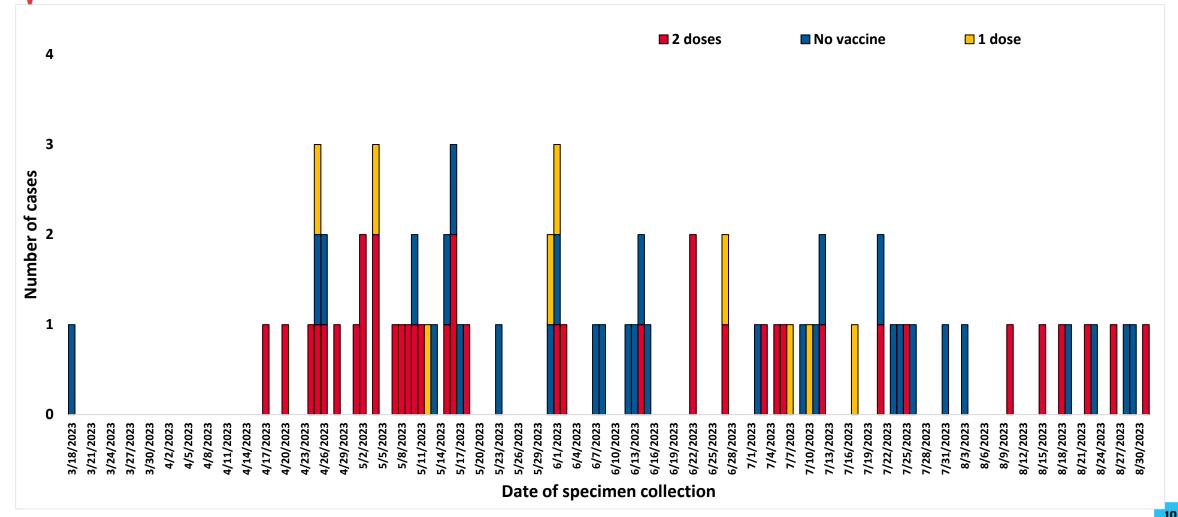
### Why Chicago? Mpox Cluster Investigation Overview

Objective	Activities
Assess vaccinations administered to cases in the cluster	Interviews with partners along vaccine chain of custody and examined vaccine record and lot numbers
Compare severity of symptoms by vaccination status	Chart review and implementation of the Mpox Severity Score
Identify possible demographic, clinical and behavioral risk factors of infection	Enhanced case investigation
Characterize recent behavior and behavioral modifications among cases in the cluster, (i.e. risk compensation among vaccinated cases)	In-depth interviews with cases, key informant interviews with community partners
Assess serologic immune response among cases in the cluster who were previously vaccinated	Serology
Analyze potential genetic variation in MPXV	Whole genome sequencing

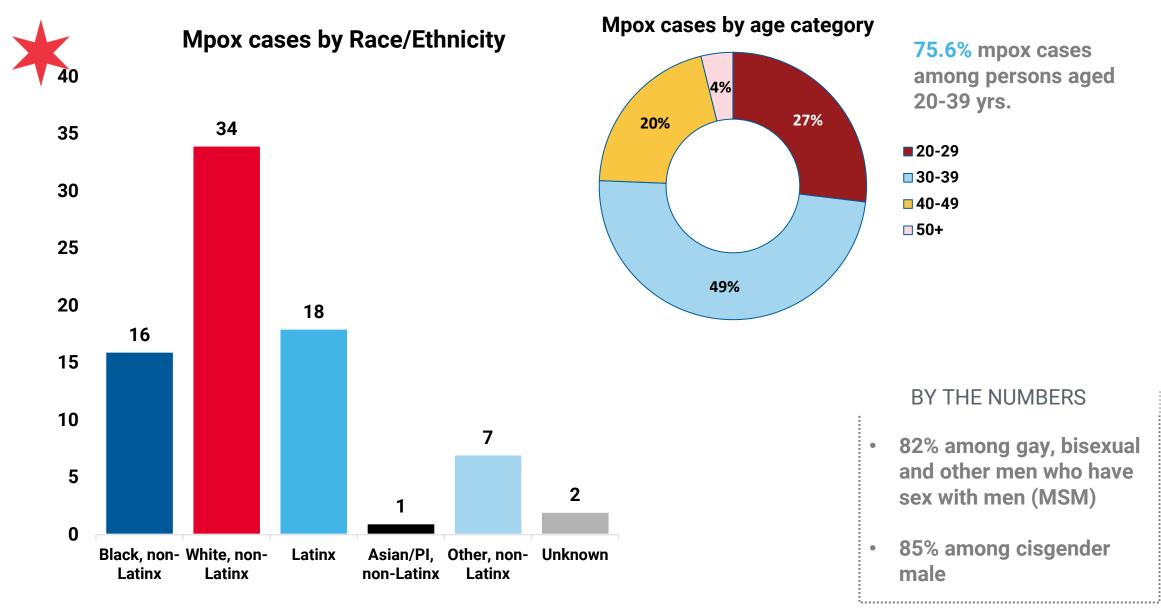




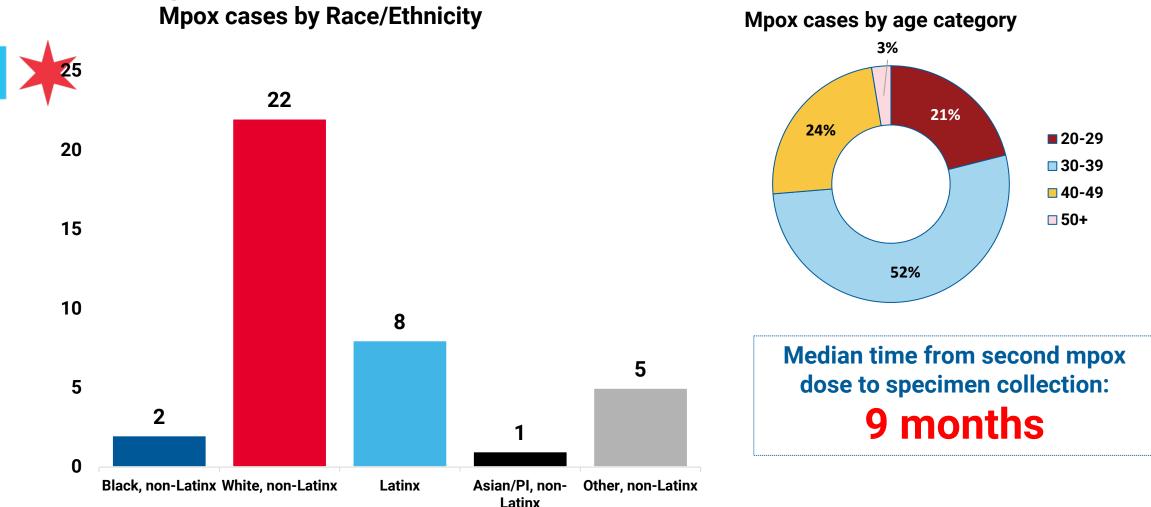
#### Mpox Cases: Epi Curve by Vaccination Status, Chicago, 3/18-8/31/23



### Recent Mpox Cases, Chicago, 3/18-8/31/23 (N=78)



#### Previously Vaccinated Cases, Chicago, 3/18-8/31/23



OF THE **38** recent mpox cases confirmed to be fully vaccinated:

50%......RECEIVED BOTH DOSES OR 1 DOSE(ACAM2000) SUBCUTANEOUSLY36.8%......RECEIVED 1 DOSE SUBCUTANEOUSLY AND 1 DOSE INTRADERMALLY13.2%.....RECEIVED BOTH DOSES INTRADERMALLY

### Recent Mpox Cases by Community Area, 3/18-8/31/23

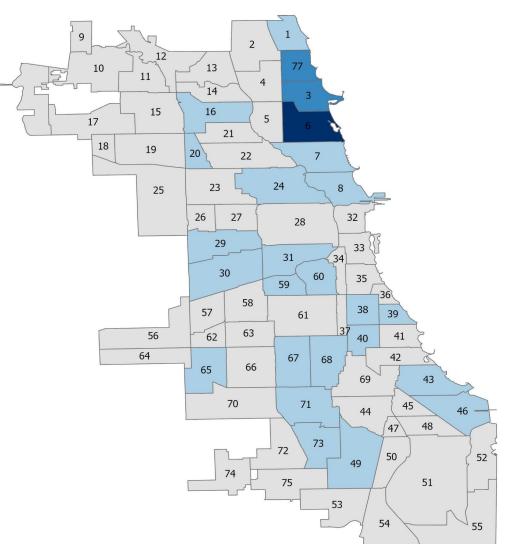
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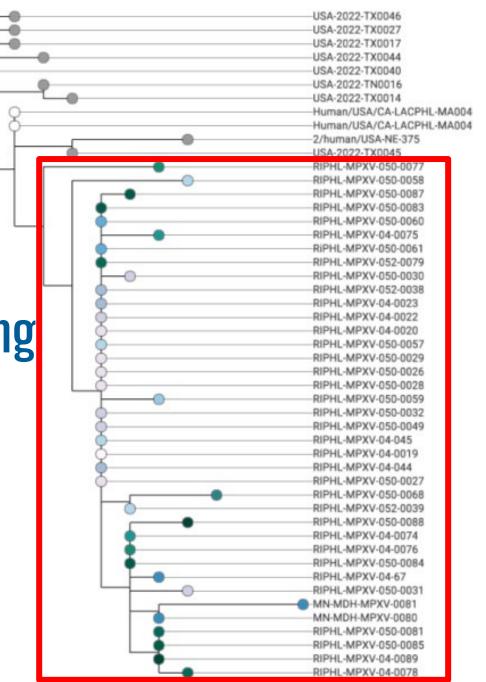
Top three community areas with the **highest number of new mpox cases**:

- Lake View (n=21)
- > Uptown (n=13)
- Edgewater (n=10)





### Whole Genome Sequencing



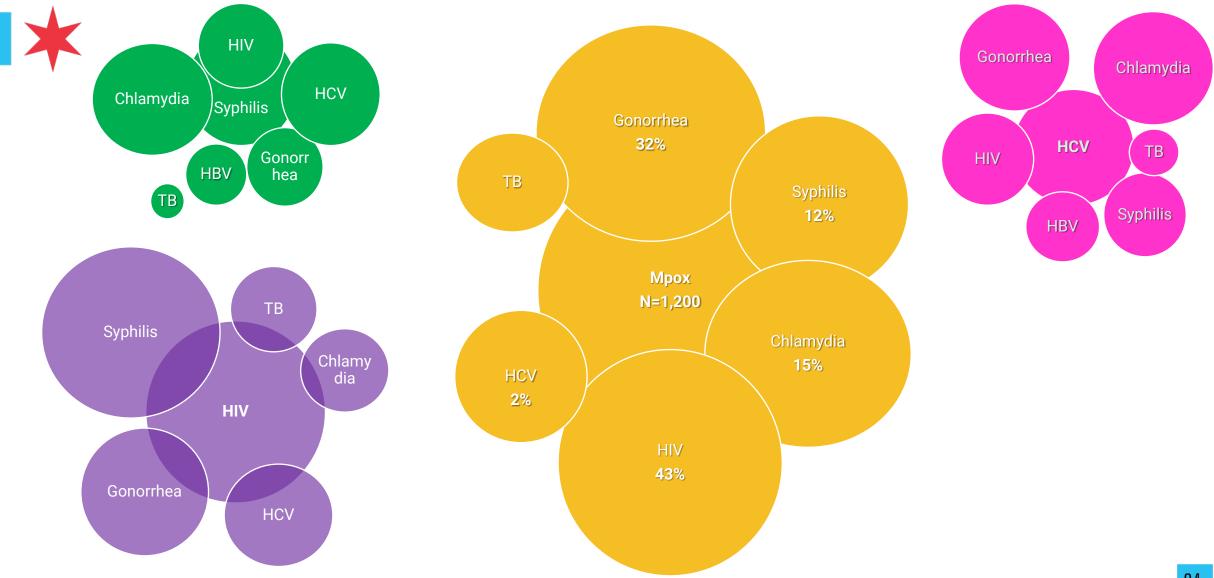
Tip Labels:

Collection MMWR (2023)



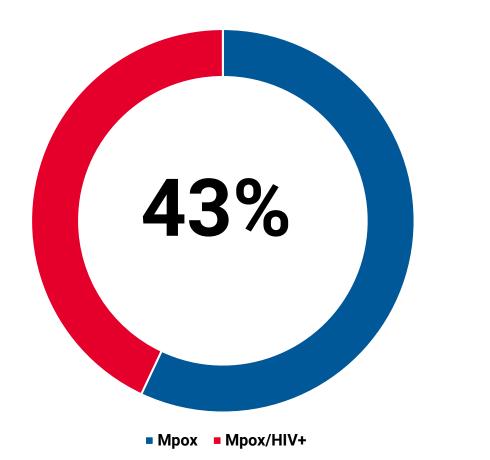
Syndemics are epidemics that interact with each other and by that interaction increase their adverse effects on the health of communities, that face systematic, structural, and other inequities.

### **Syndemics in Chicago**

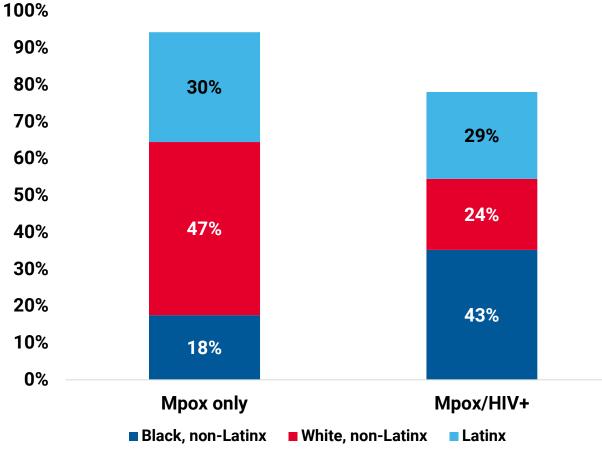


HIV/HBV co-infection data are not available. Research suggests 5-10% of PLWH are co-infected with HBV. (<u>https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/20158604</u>)





#### Race/Ethnicity comparison

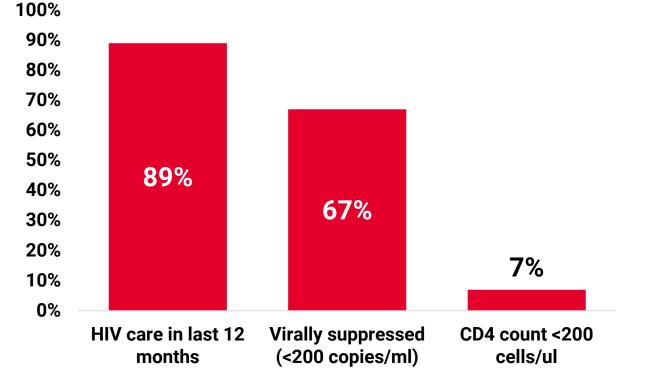


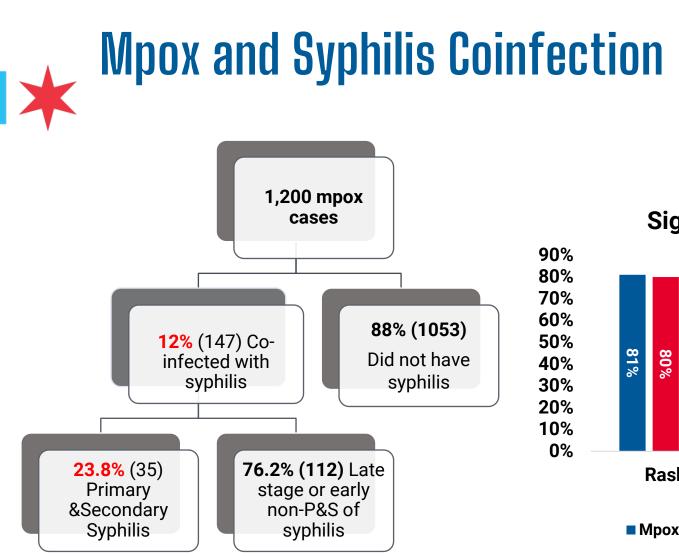




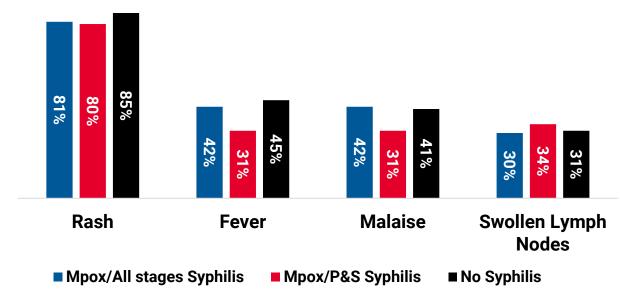
### 68% of all hospitalized cases are coinfected with HIV

#### Mpox/HIV+ cases care status, viral load, and CD4 count

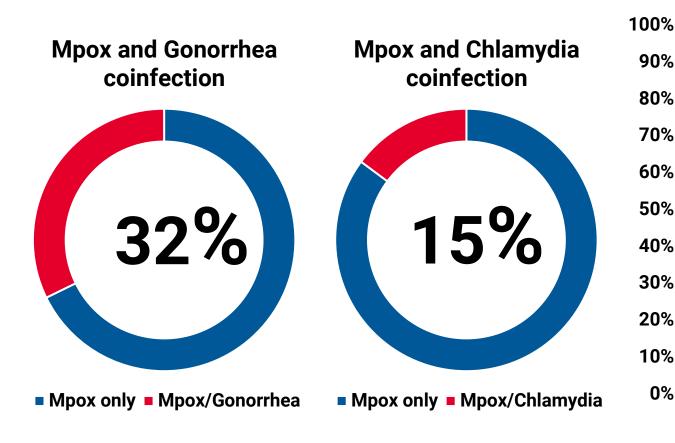




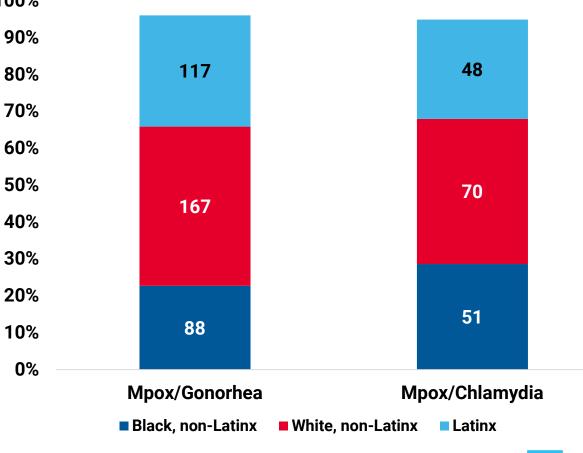
Signs and Symptoms by Syphilis Status



### Mpox and Gonorrhea/Chlamydia Coinfection



#### **Race/Ethnicity among coinfected cases**

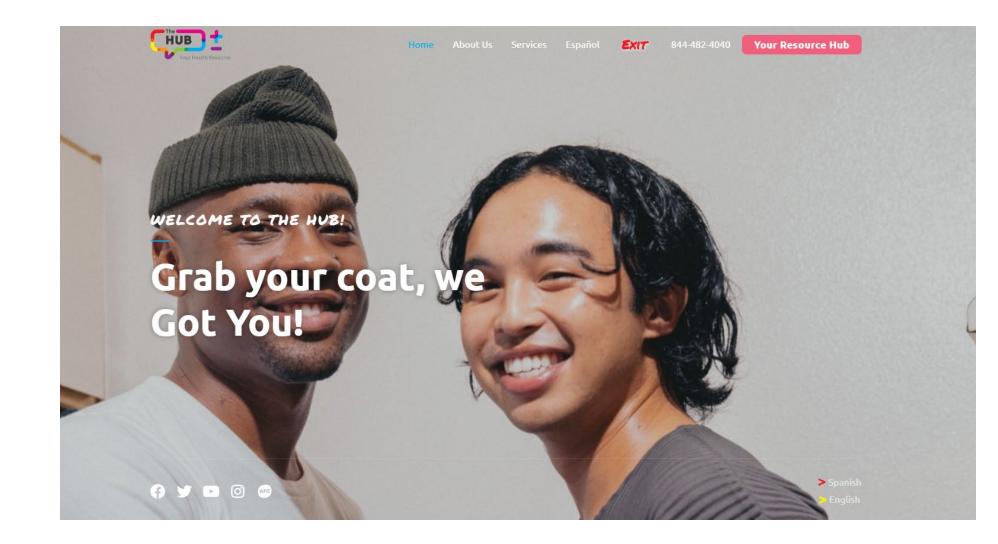




- Healthcare providers are encouraged to adopt a syndemic approach to addressing mpox:
- including incorporating mpox, STI and HIV screening, treatment and prevention into existing sexual health services.
  - Some patients may have concurrent STIs and an STI diagnosis does not rule out mpox.

#### Screen patients for HIV.

- If seropositive, ensure patient is connected to HIV care. Advanced HIV disease increases risks for severe mpox.
- If seronegative, counsel patient about the benefits of HIV pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) and, if interested, connect patient to a HIV PrEP provider.



• Please visit **www.hivhub.org or call 1-844-HUB-4040** for those looking for LGBTQ+ related health care.

### **Acknowledgements**

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Director of Program Operations Syndemic Infectious Disease (SID) Bureau

#### Syndemic Infectious Disease Bureau

Gordon Crisler Ashley Becht Michael Wazs Patrick Stonehouse Tiffany Evans Dawn Broussard Eric Warren Rebecca Pavlatos Kara Nitti Antonio King Eli Schulman Gaby Pena Taylor Guidry

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#### Rush Regional Innovative Public Health Laboratory

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## Thank you!

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