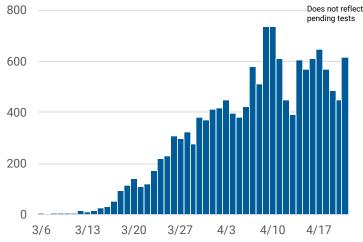
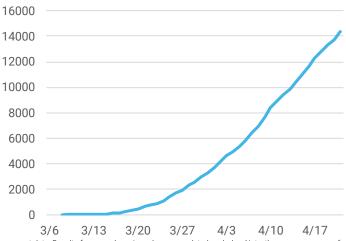


## There are 14,406 cases of COVID-19 and 627 deaths among Chicago residents as of April 22, 2020. This is an increase of 794 cases and 34 deaths since yesterday.

## Confirmed daily COVID-19 cases



Confirmed cumulative COVID-19 cases



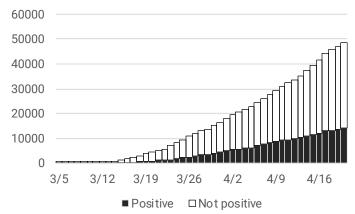
Daily and cumulative coronavirus 2019 (COVID-19) cases reported for Chicago residents with known laboratory report date. Results for several previous days are updated each day. Note, there was one case of COVID-19 reported in January 2020 that is not included in the daily counts.

| COVID-19 Morbidity and mortality by geography |                    |         |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--------------------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|
| GEOGRAPHY                                     | CASES <sup>1</sup> | DEATHS  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chicago                                       | 14,406             | 627     |  |  |  |  |  |
| Illinois<br>( <u>IDPH link</u> )              | 35,108             | 1,565   |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S.<br>( <u>CDC link</u> )                   | 802,583            | 44,575  |  |  |  |  |  |
| World<br>( <u>WHO link</u> )                  | 2,475,723          | 169,151 |  |  |  |  |  |

<sup>1</sup>Does not include persons with pending COVID-19 tests or persons with COVID-19 related illness who have not been tested.

## As of April 22nd, there have been 49,199 individuals tested. The 7-day average is 1,891 individuals tested per day, with a cumulative percent positivity of 28.6%.

Cumulative number of individuals tested for COVID-19



Individuals tested at state and private laboratories with known specimen collection date. Tests performed between Jan 21 and Mar 4, 2020 are not included in graph. CDPH may not receive all non-positive results.

| COVID-19 Case characteristics for Chicago residents |        |                               |                     |  |  |  |  |
|---|--------|-------------------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|
| CHARACTERISTIC                                      | NUMBER | % TOTAL<br>CASES <sup>1</sup> | RATE PER<br>100,000 |  |  |  |  |
| Chicago   | 14,406 | 100%                          | 532.4               |  |  |  |  |
| Age   |        |                               |                     |  |  |  |  |
| 0-17  | 242    | 1.7%                          | 44.1                |  |  |  |  |
| 18-29   | 2,051  | 14.2%                         | 370.9               |  |  |  |  |
| 30-39   | 2,455  | 17.0%                         | 538.0               |  |  |  |  |
| 40-49   | 2,610  | 18.1%                         | 775.7               |  |  |  |  |
| 50-59   | 2,796  | 19.4%                         | 893.4               |  |  |  |  |
| 60-69   | 2,041  | 14.2%                         | 776.1               |  |  |  |  |
| 70+   | 2,206  | 15.3%                         | 937.4               |  |  |  |  |
| Under investigation                                 | 5      | 0.1%                          | -                   |  |  |  |  |
| Gender  |        |                               |                     |  |  |  |  |
| Female  | 6,957  | 48.3%                         | 501.9               |  |  |  |  |
| Male  | 7,208  | 50.0%                         | 546.1               |  |  |  |  |
| Under investigation                                 | 241    | 1.7%                          | -                   |  |  |  |  |
| Race-ethnicity <sup>2</sup>                         |        |                               |                     |  |  |  |  |
| Latinx  | 2,783  | 26.4%                         | 358.3               |  |  |  |  |
| Black, non-Latinx                                   | 4,705  | 44.6%                         | 599.9               |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Latinx                                   | 2,102  | 19.9%                         | 233.6               |  |  |  |  |
| Asian, non-Latinx                                   | 399    | 3.8%                          | 221.9               |  |  |  |  |
| Other, non-Latinx                                   | 558    | 5.3%                          | 467.1               |  |  |  |  |
| Under investigation                                 | 3,859  | (26.8%)                       | -                   |  |  |  |  |

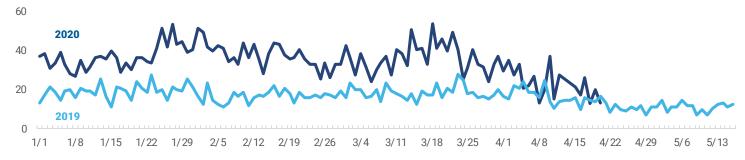
<sup>2</sup>Race-ethnicity percentage is calculated among those with known race-ethnicity as reported by the medical provider.



| COVID-19 Death characteristics for Chicago residents |        |                   | Underlying chronic conditions among Chicago |                |   |                   |            |
|--|--------|-------------------|---|----------------|---|-------------------|------------|
|  |        |                   | %   | RATE           | residents who died from COVID-19  |                   |            |
|  |        | %<br><b>Т</b> ОТА | DEATHS                                      | PER            |   |                   | % OF       |
| CHARACTERISTIC                                       | DEATHS | TOTAL<br>DEATHS   | WITHIN<br>GROUP                             | 100,000<br>POP | CHARACTERISTIC  | NUMBER            | KNOWN      |
|  |        |                   |   |                | Known medical history   | 597               | -          |
| Chicago  | 627    | 100%              | 4.4%  | 23.2           | Underlying chronic  | 554               | 92.8%      |
| Age  |        |                   |   |                | conditions <sup>3</sup>   |                   |            |
| 0-17   | 0      | 0%                | 0%  | 0              | No underlying 43<br>chronic conditions  |                   | 7.2%       |
| 18-29  | 3      | 0.5%              | 0.1%  | 0.5            |   | 20                |            |
| 30-39  | 13     | 2.1%              | 0.5%  | 2.6            | Under investigation   | 30                | -          |
| 40-49  | 42     | 6.7%              | 1.6%  | 12.5           | <sup>3</sup> Cases with at least one underlying chronic condition. Most common underlying<br>conditions include diabetes, hypertension, and lung disease. |                   | underlying |
| 50-59  | 78     | 12.4%             | 2.8%  | 24.9           | conunions include diabetes, hypertension, ar  | ia iurig aisease. |            |
| 60-69  | 115    | 18.3%             | 5.6%  | 43.7           |   |                   |            |
| 70+  | 376    | 60.0%             | 17.0%                                       | 159.8          | Daily COVID-19 deaths   |                   |            |
| Gender   |        |                   |   |                | 35  |                   |            |
| Female   | 243    | 38.8%             | 3.5%  | 17.5           | 30  |                   |            |
| Male   | 383    | 61.0%             | 5.3%  | 29.0           |   |                   |            |
| Under investigation                                  | 1      | 0.2%              | 0.4%  | -              | 25  |                   |            |
| Race-ethnicity                                       |        |                   |   |                | 20  |                   |            |
| Latinx   | 118    | 18.8%             | 4.2%  | 15.2           | 15  |                   |            |
| Black, non-Latinx                                    | 343    | 54.7%             | 7.3%  | 43.7           | 10  |                   |            |
| White, non-Latinx                                    | 108    | 17.2%             | 5.1%  | 12.0           |   |                   |            |
| Asian, non-Latinx                                    | 30     | 4.8%              | 7.5%  | 16.7           | 5   |                   |            |
| Other, non-Latinx                                    | 6      | 1.0%              | 1.1%  | 5.0            |   |                   |            |
| Under investigation                                  | 22     | 3.5%              | 0.6%  | -              | 3/16 3/22 3/27 4/1  | 4/6 4/11          | 4/16 4/21  |

COVID-19 symptoms are similar to those of influenza, so monitoring influenza-like illness (ILI) may also help identify COVID-19. ILI activity in 2020 that is higher than what was experienced in 2019 could indicate the presence of COVID-19 in the community.

Percent of daily emergency department (ED) visits due to influenza-like illness in Chicago among all age groups, 2020 vs. 2019



## Percent of daily emergency department (ED) visits due to influenza-like illness in Chicago among persons aged 65+, 2020 vs. 2019



