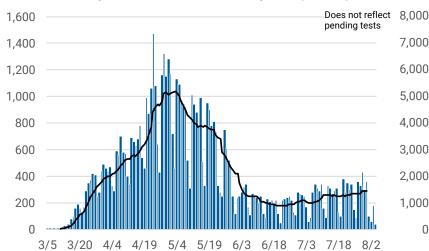
CHICAGO COVID-19 UPDATE

August 5, 2020

There are 62,437 cases of COVID-19 and 2,798 deaths among Chicago residents as of August 5, 2020. There are an average of 287 new cases and 3 deaths every day. An estimated 56,315 residents have recovered.¹

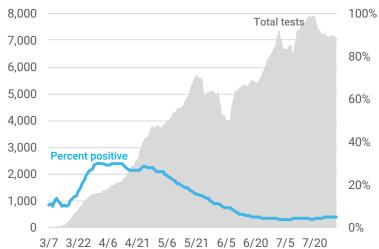
Confirmed daily COVID-19 cases and 7-day rolling average



Daily COVID-19 cases reported for Chicago residents with known specimen collection date. Results for several previous days are updated each day. Two cases with specimen collection dates prior to March 1, 2020 are not included in the graph.

COVID-19 Case characteristics for Chicago residents						
	% TOTAL		RATE PER			
CHARACTERISTIC	NUMBER	CASES ²	100,000			
Chicago	62,437	100%	2,307.4			
Age						
0-17	3,553	5.7%	647.2			
18-29	12,669	20.3%	2,291.2			
30-39	11,342	18.2%	2,485.5			
40-49	10,963	17.6%	3,258.3			
50-59	10,063	16.1%	3,215.3			
60-69	7,063	11.3%	2,685.6			
70+	6,774	10.8%	2,878.6			
Under investigation	10	0.0%	-			
Gender						
Female	31,344	50.2%	2,261.3			
Male	30,071	48.2%	2,278.3			
Under investigation	1,022	1.6%	-			
Race-ethnicity ³						
Latinx	23,636	47.0%	3,043.3			
Black, non-Latinx	14,926	29.7%	1,903.2			
White, non-Latinx	7,828	15.6%	869.8			
Asian, non-Latinx	1,365	2.7%	759.0			
Other, non-Latinx	2,516	5.0%	2,105.9			
Under investigation	12,166	19.5%	-			

COVID-19 testing and percent positivity, 7-day rolling average



Number of tests performed and percentage of tests that were positive averaged over 7 days. Includes molecular tests performed at state and private laboratories with known specimen collection date. Percent positivity is based on number of tests. Tests performed between Jan 21 and Feb 29, 2020 are not included in graph. CDPH may not receive all non-positive results.

As of August 5, 2020, there have been 643,741 tests performed. The 7-day average is 7,076 tests per day, with a percent positivity of 4.9%*.

*Please note: Beginning on 7/30/2020, percent positivity is calculated based on number of tests conducted rather than number of people tested, to align with IDPH practices.

COVID-19 Morbidity and mortality by geography						
GEOGRAPHY	CASES ²	DEATHS				
Chicago	62,437	2,798				
Suburban Cook County (<u>IDPH</u>)	45,968	2,111				
Illinois (<u>IDPH</u>)	186,471	7,573				
U.S. (<u>CDC</u>)	4,748,806	156,311				
World (<u>WHO</u>)	18,354,342	696,147				

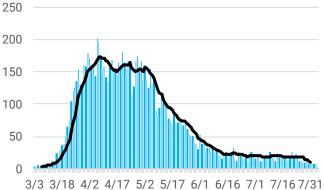


¹ Recovered is an estimate based on 14 days post diagnosis for people not hospitalized or 30 days post hospitalization for people hospitalized among those who have not died.
²Does not include persons with pending COVID-19 tests or persons with COVID-19 related illness who have not been tested.
³Race-ethnicity percentage is calculated among those with known race-ethnicity as reported by the medical provider.

CHARACTERISTIC	DEATHS	% TOTAL DEATHS	% DEATHS WITHIN GROUP	RATE PER 100,000 POP
Chicago	2,798	100%	4.5%	103.4
Age				
0-17	2	0.1%	0.1%	0.4
18-29	20	0.7%	0.2%	3.6
30-39	68	2.4%	0.6%	14.9
40-49	151	5.4%	1.4%	44.9
50-59	313	11.2%	3.1%	100.0
60-69	613	21.9%	8.7%	233.1
70+	1,631	58.3%	24.1%	693.1
Gender				
Female	1,157	41.4%	3.7%	83.5
Male	1,641	58.6%	5.5%	124.3
Under investigation	0	0%	0%	-
Race-ethnicity ³				
Latinx	911	32.7%	3.9%	117.3
Black, non-Latinx	1,198	43.0%	8.0%	152.8
White, non-Latinx	536	19.2%	6.8%	59.6
Asian, non-Latinx	120	4.3%	8.8%	66.7
Other, non-Latinx	21	0.8%	0.8%	17.6
Under investigation	12	0.4%	0.1%	-

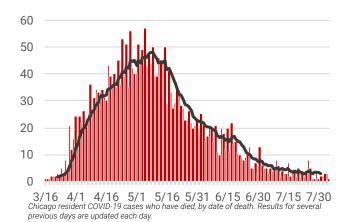
COVID-19 Death characteristics for Chicago residents

Daily COVID-19 hospitalizations and 7-day rolling average



Chicago resident COVID-19 cases who have been hospitalized, by date of first hospitalization. Results for several previous days are updated each day.

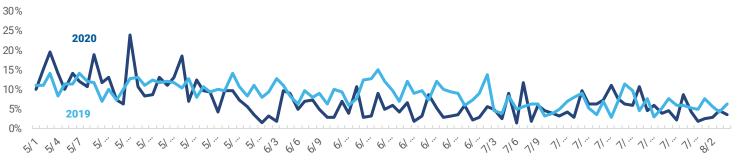
Daily COVID-19 deaths and 7-day rolling average



³Race-ethnicity percentage is calculated among those with known race-ethnicity as reported by the medical provider.

COVID-19 symptoms are similar to those of influenza, so monitoring influenza-like illness (ILI) may also help identify COVID-19. ILI activity in 2020 that is higher than what was experienced in 2019 could indicate the presence of COVID-19 in the community.

Percentage of daily emergency department (ED) visits due to influenza-like illness (ILI) in Chicago, 2020 vs. 2019



COVID-19-like illness (CLI) is a new tool used to help track trends in COVID-19 activity. An increase in the number and percentage of ER visits due to CLI could indicate an increase in COVID-19 activity in the community.

Number and percentage of daily emergency department (ED) visits due to COVID-19-like illness (CLI) in Chicago, 2020

