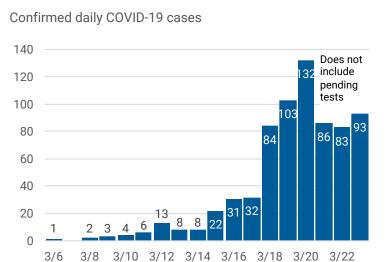
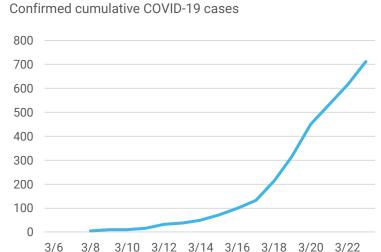


CHICAGO COVID-19 UPDATE

MARCH 24, 2020

There are 730 cases of COVID-19 and 5 deaths among Chicago residents as of March 24, 2020.





Daily and cumulative coronavirus 2019 (COVID-19) cases reported for Chicago residents based on date of report of laboratory result. Note, there was one case of COVID-19 reported on 1/23/2020 that is not included in the daily counts.

COVID-19 Morbidity and Mortality by Geography				
GEOGRAPHY	CASES ¹	DEATHS	PLACES AFFECTED	
Chicago	730	5	NA	
Illinois (<u>IDPH link</u>)	1,535	16	32/102 COUNTIES	
U.S. (CDC link)	44,183	544	50/50 STATES	
World (WHO link)	334,981	14,652	189/195 COUNTRIES	

COVID-19 Death Characteristics for Chicago residents				
CHARACTERISTIC	DEATHS	% DEATHS WITHIN ROW GROUP		
Chicago	5	0.7%		
Age				
0-17	0	0%		
18-59	1	0.2%		
60+	4	2.2%		
Gender				
Female	2	0.6%		
Male	3	0.8%		

COVID-19 Case Characteristics for Chicago residents			
CHARACTERISTIC	% TOTAL CASES ¹		
Age			
0-17	2.2%		
18-59	73.0%		
60+	24.8%		
Range	7 to 91 years		
Median	46 years		
Gender			
Female	47.0%		
Male	51.2%		
Under investigation	1.8%		
Hospitalizations ²			
Never hospitalized	71.1%		
Ever hospitalized ³	28.9%		
Hospitalizations by age group			
0-17	0%		
18-59	48.2%		
60+	51.8%		

Does not include persons with pending COVID-19 tests or persons with COVID-19 related illness who have not been tested.



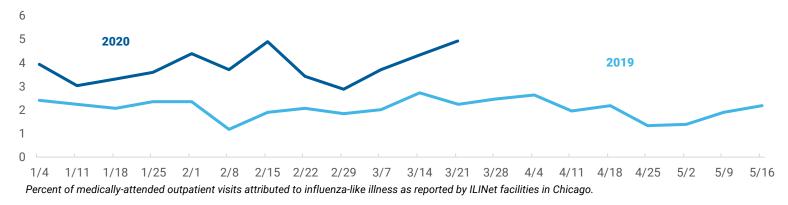
²Among those with known hospitalization status.

³Ever hospitalized, even if released.

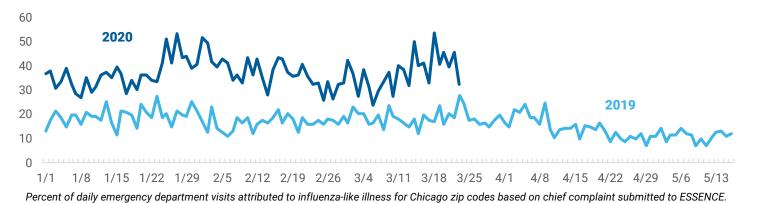
COVID-19 symptoms are similar to those of influenza, so monitoring influenza-like illness (ILI) may also help identify COVID-19. ILI activity in 2020 that is higher than what was experienced in 2019 could indicate the presence of COVID-19 in the community.

Annual influenza surveillance conducted by CDPH includes information on outpatient visits to health care providers for ILI. ILI is defined as fever (temperature of 100°F [37.8°C] or greater) and a cough and/or a sore throat without a known cause other than influenza. Emergency department (ED) visits for ILI are reported through a surveillance system called ESSENCE that captures the chief complaints of patients. Because persons over age 65 are at higher risk of severe illness due to COVID-19, we are also specifically monitoring the ED visits of older adults.

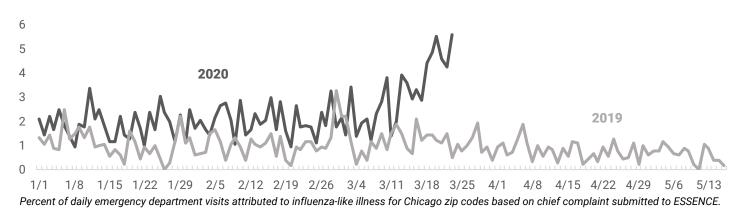
Percent of weekly outpatient visits at reporting providers due to influenza-like illness in Chicago for all age groups, 2019 vs. 2020



Percent of daily emergency department (ED) visits due to influenza-like illness in Chicago for all age groups, 2020 vs. 2019



Percent of daily emergency department (ED) visits due to influenza-like illness in Chicago among persons aged 65+, 2020 vs. 2019





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