

City of Chicago Richard M. Daley, Mayor

Board of Ethics

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Suite 530 205 West Randolph Street Chicago, Illinois 60606 (312) 744-9660 July 26, 1989

CONFIDENTIAL





RE:

Case No. 89113.A

Dear (Mr. Simnom

You submitted a request to the Board of Ethics for an advisory opinion whether your attendance at a reception of $_{\Omega}$ PAC , a political action committee, would be "political activity" within the meaning of Section 26.2-1(s) of the Governmental Ethics Ordinance. The Board considered your request at its meeting on July 21 and determined that your attendance at the reception in the circumstances outlined below would not be "political activity" under 26.2-1(s).

FACTS: You are an employee of the Commission on Human Relations ("the Commission"). As the coordinator for a certam set of issues at the Commission, you act as a liaison between a special interest group and city government. In this capacity you are responsible for establishing and maintaining contacts with organizations and

[&]quot;The Commission on Human Relations responsible for identifying and correcting instances and conditions of prejudice discrimination against individuals or groups because of race and, color, sex, creed, national origin or ancestry. The Commission investigates bias crimes and assists victims and communities in responding to them, assists agencies and community groups in developing effective fair housing and human relations programs, coordinates the city's response to Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 and assists refugees and immigrants, Asian-Americans, veterans, and lesbians ans gay men and needs." regarding their special issues (Brochure provided by the Commission on Human Relations, June 1989)



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groups interested in these special interest issues. To accomplish this, you often attend meetings of these organizations and groups. You are also the staff person assigned to the advisory committee to the mayor, the Committee on these special Interests, is

. (A major project of this committee in 1988 and 1989 was advocacy of the Human Rights Ordinance.)

You were invited to a reception sponsored by a PAC , a registered political action committee. The PAC described its purpose in February 1989:

"Any PAC was created to further the agenda of our community, to elect our people to political office, to support our friends in government, and to promote the participation and empowerment of our people in the political arena. To these ends our PAC works to translate our energy, commitment and resources into a currency that is universally understood in politics: money and votes."

You said that this PAC would support candidates without regard for political party if they advance the political empowerment of their people.

The purpose of the reception was to introduce this PAC; new executive director. The reception was to be held in a private home. Attendance was by invitation. The reception was not a fundraiser (although you said that contributions would undoubtedly be accepted in the course of the evening). You said that you would be a guest, i.e., you would not have to buy a ticket or make a contribution. You said you had informed this PAC that you were not permitted to contribute to political committees because of the newly amended Municipal Code. You would not be a speaker at the reception, merely a guest in attendance. You expected the evening to be primarily a social event at which you would have the opportunity to meet the executive director of organization and maintain contacts with

this active PAC organization and maintain contacts with other members of the community.

ISSUE: Would your attendance at 45% PMC reception be "political activity" as defined in Section 26.2-1(s) of the Governmental Ethics Ordinance?

DISCUSSION: Section 26.2-1(s) of the Governmental Ethics Ordinance is a lengthy provision defining political activities which are prohibited for employees of, among other City agencies, the Commission on Human Relations. For the sake of brevity and clarity, a summary of the prohibited activities is attached to this letter.

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Assuming for the sake of this discussion that the DAC is a political committee or organization for purposes of this definition, your activity with respect to the political committee or organization—attendance at a primarily social function to introduce the executive director of the committee—is not a prohibited activity.

Based on the facts provided, you are not organizing, reorganizing, serving as a member or officer or candidate for office of this PAC. You are not handling, disbursing or accounting for funds of the PAC. You are not soliciting, receiving, collecting or making contributions. The reception is not a fundraising activity, nor is it an event linked to any particular political campaign or candidate. By attending the reception, you would not endorse or oppose any candidate. The reception is not a convention, caucus, rally or similar gathering in support of or in opposition to a candidate for public or political party office; even if it were, you would not be addressing the gathering.

OPINION: Your attendance at $\forall h$ \cap ρ \cap reception in the circumstances described above is not prohibited political activity within the meaning of Section 26.2-1(s) of the Governmental Ethics Ordinance.

The Board of Ethics hopes that this opinion adequately answers your question. If you have any further questions, please do not hesitate to call the Board at 744-9660.

Sincerely,

S. Brandzel

Chair

ATTACHMENT

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Amendment of Governmental Ethics Ordinance - May 10, 1989

Prohibited Political Activities for Employees/Members of the Department of Purchases, the Department of Revenue, the Building Board of Appeals, the Commission on Human Relations, the Board and the Office of Municipal Investigations, and the Board of Ethics

You may not be:

26.2-1(5)(1)Officer of or

Political Party

26.2-1(5)(1)

Candidate for Office of

Political Club

26.2-1(5)(1)

Organization relating to a campaign for elected office ("organization") 26.2-1(5)(1)

Committee of a political party, club or organization 26.2-1(5)(1)

Member of

National committee of a political party, club or organization 26.2-1(s)(i)

State committee of a political party, club or organization 26.2-1(s)(i)

Local committee of a political party, club or organization 26.2-1(s)(1)

Committee of a political party, club or organization 26.2-1(s)(i)

Candidate for

Elective public office

26.2-1(5)(6)

Recorder, Watcher, Challenger or Similar Officer at Polls on behalf of a political party or a candidate in an election 26.2-1(s)(8)

Delegate, **Alternate** or **Proxy** at Political party convention 26.2-1(5)(11)

Page 2 - Prohibited Political Activities, continued

You may not:

Organize or reorganize

Political party, club or organization relating to a campaign for elected office 26.2-1(5)(2) ("organization")
26.2-1(5)(1)

Handle, disburse, account for Assessments, contributions or other funds for 26.2-1(5)(3)

- a. Political party
- b. Political fund
- c. Candidate for elected office
- d. Candidate for political party office
- e. Any committee of (a) through (d)
- f. Any committee which contributes to (a) through (e)

Solicit, receive, collect

26.2-1(s)(4)
Political contributions, assessments, contributions or other funds for 26.2-1(s)(3)

- a. Political party
- b. Political fund
- c. Candidate for elected office
- d. Candidate for political party office
- e. Any committee of (a) through (d)
- f. Any committee which contributes to (a) through (e)

Pay or make

Political contribution (Defined 26.2+(t))
or
Contribution for 26.2-1(5)(15)

- a. Political party
- b. Political fund
- c. Candidate for elected office
- d. Candidate for political party office
- e. Any committee of (a) through (d)
- f. Any committee which contributes to (a) through (e)

Organize, sell tickets to, promote, participate actively in

26.2-1(5)(4)

A fundraising activity of

- a. Public office holder
- b. Candidate in an election
- c. Political partyd. Political club
- e. Organization (defined term)
 24.2-1(5)(4)

Page 3 - Prohibited Political Activities, continued

Participate actively in 26.2-1(5)(15)	 Management of a. Political campaign of candidate for public office in an election b. Political campaign of a candidate for political party office
Solicit votes for or against 26.2-1(5)(7)-	A candidate for public office in an election or A candidate for political party office
Endorse or oppose 26.2-1(s)(10)	A candidate for public office in an election or A candidate for political party office by a. Political advertisement b. Broadcast c. Campaign literature d. Material similar to (a)-(c)
Address 26.2-1(5)(12)	Convention, caucus, rally or similar gathering in support of or in opposition to candidate for public or political party office
Distribute 26.2-1(5)(10)	Campaign literature, advertisements or similar material endorsing or opposing candidate for public office or political party office
Transport 26.2-1 (6)(9)	Voters to the polls <u>on behalf of a political</u> party or a candidate in an election
Initiate or circulate 26.2-1(5)(13) Campaign for 26.2-1(5)(6)	Nominating petition for elective office An elective public office in an election

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